



Volume III

Hydrologic Analysis and Flow Control/BMPs

Volume III

- Chapter 1 – Introduction
- Chapter 2 - Hydrologic Analysis
- Chapter 3 - Flow Control Design
- Appendix III-A: Isopluvial Maps for Design Storms
- Appendix III-B: Western Washington Hydrology Model



Chapter 2

Hydrologic Analysis

- Single-Event Model:
 - Volume-Based Treatment BMPs
 - Curve Number Changes
- Continuous Simulation Model:
 - Flow Control BMPs
 - Flow Rate-Based Treatment BMPs
(and Volume-Based in Future)



Volume III

Chapter 3 - Flow Control Design

- **Roof Downspout Controls:**
On-site BMPs necessary for Manual Equivalency:
 - Infiltration Systems
 - Dispersion Systems
 - Perforated Stub-Out Connections



Volume III

Chapter 3 - Flow Control Design



- **Detention Facilities:**
 - Ponds, Tanks, Vaults, Others
 - Control Structures
- **Infiltration Facilities:**
 - Flow Control (NOT for Treatment)

Flow Control

Minimum Requirement # 7

- **Purpose:**
 - To prevent increases in stream channel instability or erosion rates
- **Requires Adopting Flow Duration Standard:**
 - To control the extent of time that high flows discharge to streams



Minimum Requirement # 7

Flow Duration Standard

- Requires matching pre-development discharge duration from $\frac{1}{2}$ of 2-year to 50-year peak flows
- Needs a calibrated Continuous Simulation Model to demonstrate compliance



Western Washington Hydrology Model (WWHM)

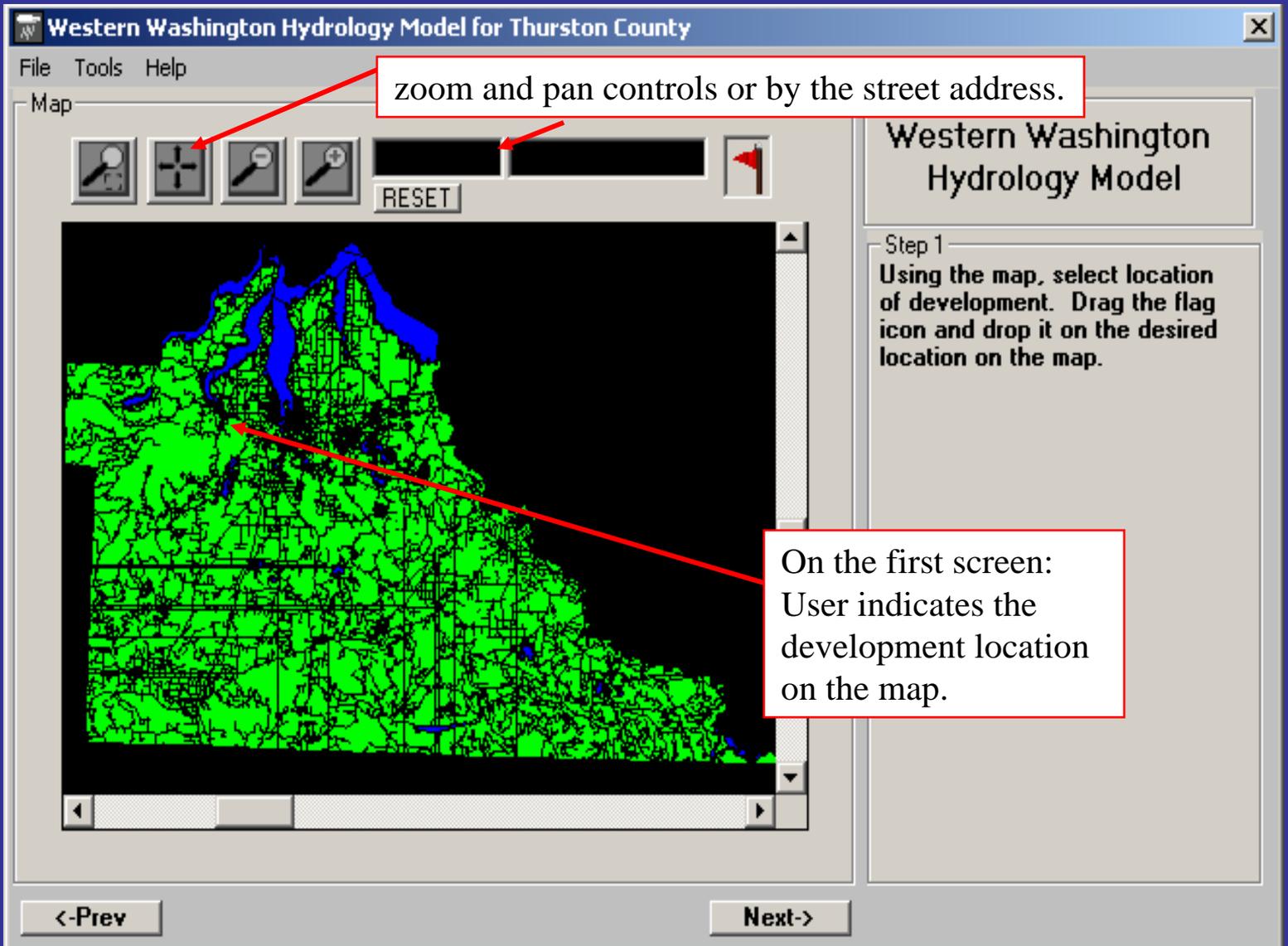
- Based on EPA's Hydrological Simulation Program - Fortran (HSPF)
- Includes Graphic and Menu Screens to facilitate:
 - Data entry; Program Execution; Output Analysis; and Design Reviews



Western Washington Hydrology Model (WWHM)



- Uses Default calibrated parameters
- Locally calibrated parameters and/or rainfall data may be used with Ecology concurrence
- Alternative models may be used with Ecology concurrence (e.g., King County Runoff Time Series)

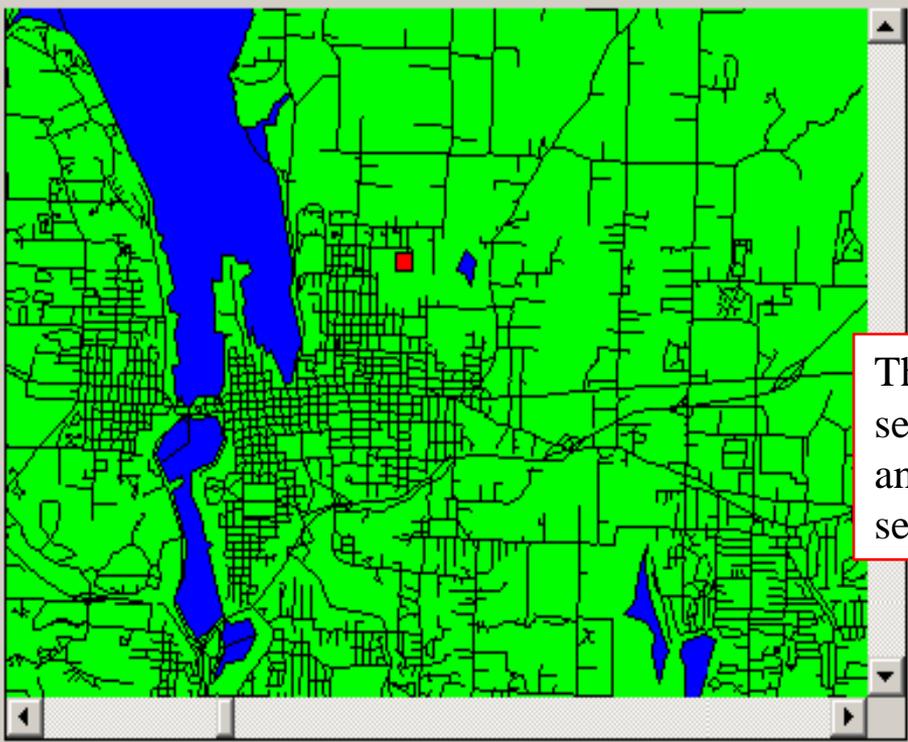


Western Washington Hydrology Model for Thurston County

File Tools Help

Map

Map navigation controls including zoom in, zoom out, pan, and a flag icon. A text box displays "1700 Ethridge Ave NE" and a "RESET" button.



Western Washington Hydrology Model

Step 1
Using the map, select location of development. Drag the flag icon and drop it on the desired location on the map.

The WWHM will select the rainfall gage and scale data for the selected spot.

<-Prev

Next->

Enter the number of acres for each type of soil before development.

Enter the development name and address here.

Western Washington Hydrology Model for Thurston County

File Tools Help

Name of Development: name

Development Address: address

City / County: city

Project Description
WDM Time Series Data Type

Standard Residential

Non-standard / Commercial

Western Washington Hydrology Model

Step 2
Fill in site information and list acres for each type of development.

Predeveloped Acres

Outwash A&B	5
Till C/D	10
Saturated	0
Total Acres	15

Predeveloped Vegetation

Forest Pasture

Basins

Design Basin
 Bypass
 Offsite Inflow

Estimated Pond Area

Outwash A&B	0
Till C	1

Residential Acres

	A/B soils	C/D soils
Lot Acres	0	6
Streets/Sidewalks	3	2
Forest	0	0
Pasture	0	0
Landscaped Area	2	1
Number of Lots	40	

Pavement Credit

Porous Pavement

Percentage 65 %

Roof Runoff Credits

INFILTRATE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	30 %
DISPERSE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	40 %

<-Prev

Next->

Run the model.

You can then apply any appropriate credit for infiltrating or dispersing roof runoff or for using Porous Pavement

Run the model.

Western Washington Hydrology Model (WWHM)

- Doesn't provide Facility Sizing Algorithm
- Use a Commercial Software Package or a Spreadsheet (an example provided) to Size Facilities
- Input Facility Characteristics into the Model:
 - Stage-Storage-Discharge Table



This screen allows the user to enter data which describes the storage facility based on the external pond sizing software.

Western Washington Hydrology Model for Thurston County

File Tools Help

Enter Facility Name/ID:

Type of facility:

Stage (ft)	Area (acres)	Storage (acre-ft)	Discharge1 (cfs)
0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.13	0.5219	0.0675	0.0260
0.26	0.5273	0.1357	0.0368
0.39	0.5328	0.2046	0.0450
0.52	0.5382	0.2742	0.0520
0.65	0.5437	0.3445	0.0581
0.78	0.5493	0.4156	0.0637
0.91	0.5548	0.4874	0.0688
1.04	0.5604	0.5598	0.0735

Add Table From File Save Table to File Infiltration

Western Washington Hydrology Model

Step 5
Size stormwater facility (using separate software). Add information to stage storage discharge table.

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After the data is entered, the WWHM will compute runoff with the storage facility and compare statistics.

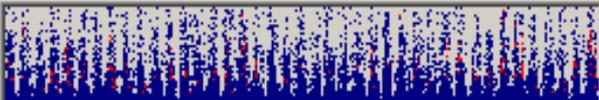
Pre-developed Flow Frequency.

Post-developed Flow Frequency.

Western Washington Hydrology Model for Thurston County

File Tools Help

Flow Frequency Analysis For Predeveloped and Pre-pond Conditions



Progress (flow data)

Flow Frequency for Predeveloped Conditions

Return Period	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year
(CFS)	0.503	0.82	1.06	1.392	1.661	1.946

Flow Frequency for Developed Conditions (Without Detention Facility)

Return Period	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year
(CFS)	2.877	3.673	4.217	4.928	5.475	6.038

Flow Frequency Analysis For Developed Area With Detention Facility

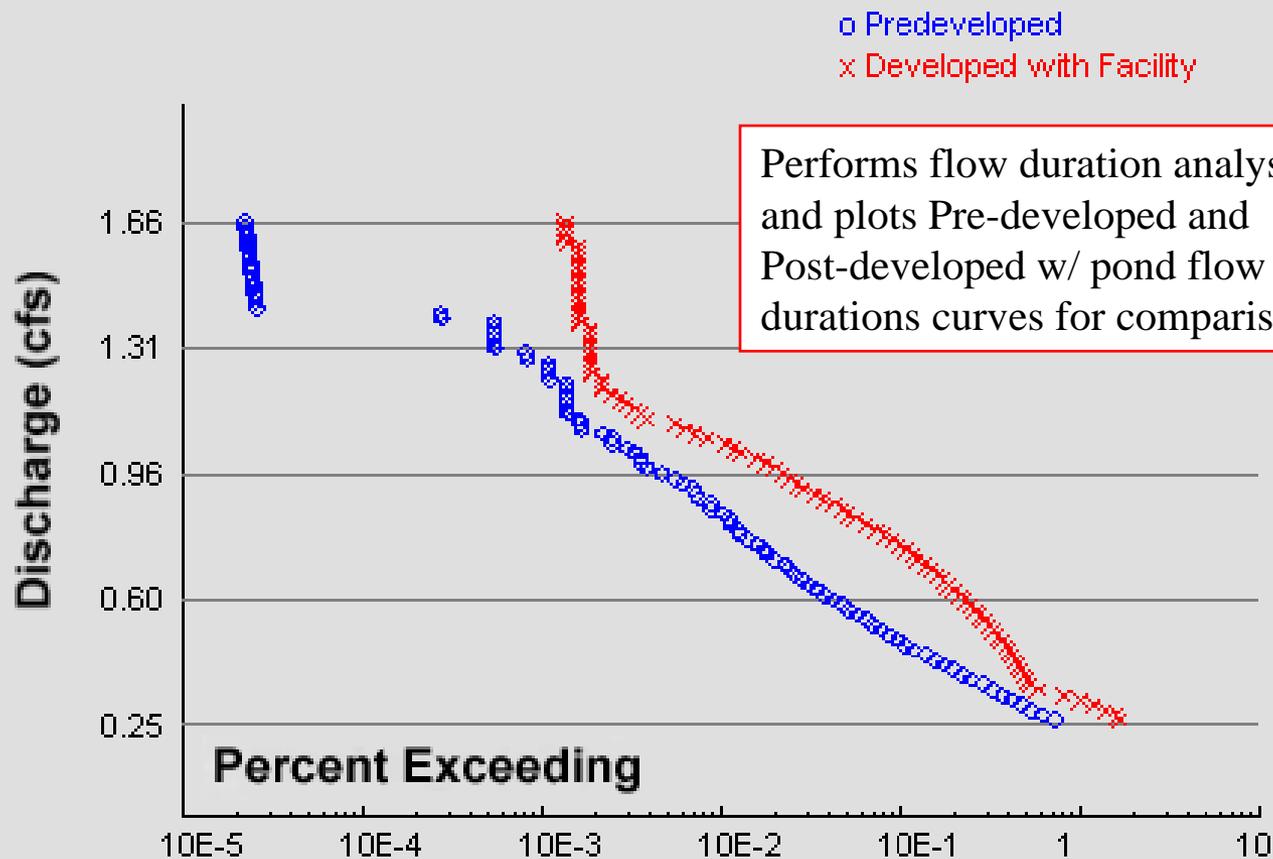


Progress (flow data)

Flood Frequency for Developed With Detention Facility

Return Period	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year
(CFS)	0.527	0.974	1.333	1.855	2.289	2.761

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Performs flow duration analysis and plots Pre-developed and Post-developed w/ pond flow durations curves for comparison

Title

Flow durations for developed conditions exceed predeveloped values.

Flow duration peaks exceed 110% of predeveloped.

More than half of the post developed w/pond flow durations exceed the predeveloped.

This stormwater facility: **Fails**

Full input / output information:

Generate Report

WWHM determines compliance with the established guidelines and allow the user to generate a full report which can then be printed or saved.

Western Washington Hydrology Model

Step 8

Ecology Manual Hydrology Standard (1):

Stormwater discharges to streams shall match developed discharge duration to predeveloped durations for the range of predeveloped discharge rates from 50% of the 2-year peak flow up to the full 50-year peak flow. In addition, the developed peak discharge rates shall not exceed the predeveloped peak discharge rates for 2- and 10- year return periods.

WWHM Summary Report

- Site Information Summary:
 - Name; Address; Soils; Development Type; Acres
- Detention Pond Design:
 - Stage/Storage Discharge Table
- Compares Runoff Statistics:
 - Pre- Developed & Post-Developed
- Determines Compliance



WWHM Menu Items

- **File Menu:**
 - Save or Load project Information
- **Tools Menu:**
 - Access Advanced Features - e.g.,
Edit the Model Input Parameters
- **Help Menu:**
 - Written and On-line Documentation

Web Address:

http://www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/wq/stormwater/wwhm_training/instructions.html





General Questions

